Dental care professionals suitable for performing oral screenings

By Dental Tribune

MANCHESTER, UK. Researchers from the University of Manchester have found that oral hygiene therapists can perform screening for common dental diseases as well as general dentists. Their study compared the diagnostic test accuracy of hygiene therapists in screening for dental caries and periodontal disease in regularly attending asymptomatic adults.

The finding has important ramifications for service design in public-funded health systems as regularly attending adults patients in the UK are increasingly asymptomatic and often do not require treatment at their routine dental examinations. Thus, using GDPs to undertake the check-ups on regular low-risk patients represents a potentially unnecessary cost for state-funded systems.

Given recent regulatory changes in the UK, it is now theoretically possible to delegate a range of tasks to dental care professionals. According to the researchers, role substitution in primary dental care may be a promising option for reducing costs, releasing the GDP’s time and increasing the capacity to care for those who do not currently access services. Throughout the UK, only about 50 per cent of the population attend the dentist. The other half is generally socio-economically disadvantaged and experiences the majority of dental diseases. Ten dental practices across North West England took part in the study and 1,899 asymptomatic adult patients were screened. Visual screening by hygiene therapists was taken as the index test and the GDP acted as the reference standard. The primary outcomes measured were the sensitivity and specificity values for dental caries and periodontal disease.

The results of the study showed that the hygiene therapists performed comparably to the GDPs. Richard Macey, lead author of the study and research assistant at the dental school, told medicalnewstoday.com: “In particular, hygiene therapists were good at identifying those patients the GDP had confirmed were caries free and at identifying periodontal disease where the dentists confirmed its presence.”

Fiona Sandom, President of the British Association of Dental Therapists, welcomed the findings of the study. “Our association find the results of this study encouraging and we view it as further evidence to support delegation within the dental team. The research confirms that dental hygienists and therapists have key parts to play in the future delivery of dental care within the UK.”

Billions to suffer from untreated decay

By Dental Tribune

LONDON, UK. Despite worldwide efforts to improve oral health, a global study has found that 35 per cent of the world’s population currently suffer from untreated carious lesions in their permanent teeth. It also established that 621 million children worldwide have tooth decay that goes without dental care.

To make things worse, hundreds of millions of new cases are expected to add to the burden of dental decay annually owing to neglected treatment, according to the new paper by researchers from the UK, the US and Australia published online in the Journal of Dental Research.

Even developed countries are affected, with one in three people in the UK suffering the consequences of neglected treatment, along with one in five in the US, for example.

The findings, which are part of the latest Global Burden of Disease study, involved a systematic review of all data on untreated dental decay, leading to a comprehensive report on rates of tooth decay for all countries and age groups and both sexes for 1990 and 2010. The rates of tooth decay for all countries and age groups and both sexes for 1990 and 2010. The study compared the diagnostic test accuracy of hygienists performed comparably to the GDPs in the study.

RUGBY, UK. In marking World Cancer Day, the British Dental Health Foundation (BDHF) has highlighted the constantly increasing rates of oral cancer in the country. Latest statistics from Cancer Research UK showed that nearly 6,800 people are diagnosed with mouth cancer in the UK every year. This figure has increased by 50 per cent within the last ten years.

According to leading oral cancer campaigners, mouth cancer rates could be reduced by improving the public’s knowledge of the associated risk factors and possible symptoms.

Rugby, UK. In marking World Cancer Day, the British Dental Health Foundation (BDHF) has highlighted the constantly increasing rates of oral cancer in the country. Latest statistics from Cancer Research UK showed that nearly 6,800 people are diagnosed with mouth cancer in the UK every year. This figure has increased by 50 per cent within the last ten years.

According to leading oral cancer campaigners, mouth cancer rates could be reduced by improving the public’s knowledge of the associated risk factors and possible symptoms.

World Cancer Day, an initiative of the Union for International Cancer Control, takes place every year on 4 February and aims to raise awareness about the disease and to promote action by governments and individuals around the world. Under the tagline “Not beyond us”, this year’s World Cancer Day placed emphasis on cancer prevention, including following a healthy lifestyle and early detection. In order to educate people about these risks, as well as the signs and symptoms of oral cancer, the BDHF initiated Mouth Cancer Action Month, a month-long campaign that has been run every November since 2009.

“The study, titled “The efficacy of screening for common dental diseases by hygiene therapists: A diagnostic test accuracy study,” was published online on 20 January in the Journal of Dental Research.

Dentists urged to use early warning signs of mouth cancer.

By Dental Tribune

“Extending oral health promotion activities to the work environment is necessary to maintain good oral health to reduce the major biological, social and financial burden on individuals and healthcare systems.”

Tooth decay is the fourth most expensive chronic disease to treat, and studies have shown that if left untreated it can lead to poor productivity at work and absenteeism in adults and poor school attendance and performance in children.

“Interdental decay can continue throughout life and has been run every November since 2009. It is almost as though these messages were ignored and we view it as further evidence to support delegation within the dental team. The research confirms that dental hygienists and therapists have key parts to play in the future delivery of dental care within the UK.”

The study, titled “The efficacy of screening for common dental diseases by hygiene therapists: A diagnostic test accuracy study,” was published online on 20 January in the Journal of Dental Research.

“Extending oral health promotion activities to the work environment is necessary to maintain good oral health to reduce the major biological, social and financial burden on individuals and healthcare systems.”

Tooth decay is the fourth most expensive chronic disease to treat, and studies have shown that if left untreated it can lead to poor productivity at work and absenteeism in adults and poor school attendance and performance in children.

Hygiene therapists performed comparably to the GDPs in the study.

The study, titled “The efficacy of screening for common dental diseases by hygiene therapists: A diagnostic test accuracy study,” was published online on 20 January in the Journal of Dental Research.

“Extending oral health promotion activities to the work environment is necessary to maintain good oral health to reduce the major biological, social and financial burden on individuals and healthcare systems.”

Tooth decay is the fourth most expensive chronic disease to treat, and studies have shown that if left untreated it can lead to poor productivity at work and absenteeism in adults and poor school attendance and performance in children.

“Extending oral health promotion activities to the work environment is necessary to maintain good oral health to reduce the major biological, social and financial burden on individuals and healthcare systems.”

Tooth decay is the fourth most expensive chronic disease to treat, and studies have shown that if left untreated it can lead to poor productivity at work and absenteeism in adults and poor school attendance and performance in children.

“Extending oral health promotion activities to the work environment is necessary to maintain good oral health to reduce the major biological, social and financial burden on individuals and healthcare systems.”

Tooth decay is the fourth most expensive chronic disease to treat, and studies have shown that if left untreated it can lead to poor productivity at work and absenteeism in adults and poor school attendance and performance in children.
Adam had Eve
Batman had Robin
Bonnie had Clyde

Every hero has a helper.
Our toothbrush, clearly, what a hero! But what about the 30% of the tooth surface that even this toothbrush cannot reach – between the teeth? This is where a hero’s helper enters the scene in the shape of a Curaprox ultrafine interdental brush. It is easier, more enjoyable and even more effective than dental floss. So, for 100% oral care: recommend the superduo. Offer: info@curaden.ch
LONDON, UK: Electronic learning could enable millions more students to train as doctors and nurses worldwide, according to the latest research. A review commissioned by the World Health Organization (WHO) and carried out by Imperial College London researchers concluded that e-learning is likely to be as effective as traditional methods for training health professionals. These new findings support the approach to continuing education Dental Tribune International (DTI) has adopted with its free online education platform for dental professionals.

The Imperial team, led by Dr Josip Car, carried out a systematic review of the scientific literature to evaluate the effectiveness of e-learning for undergraduate health professional education. They conducted separate analyses on online learning, which requires an Internet connection, and offline learning, delivered via CD-ROMs or USB flash drives, for example. The findings, drawn from a total of 108 studies, showed that students acquire knowledge and skills through online and offline e-learning as well as or better than they do through traditional teaching.

The authors suggest that combining e-learning with traditional teaching might be suitable for health care training, as practical skills must also be acquired. According to Car, from the School of Public Health at Imperial, “E-learning programmes could potentially help address the shortage of healthcare workers by enabling greater access to education, especially in the developing world the need for more health professionals is greatest.”

While the study focused on the education of students, DTI follows a similar approach to continuing education, offering webinars via its Dental Tribune Study Club, which it launched in 2009. The platform regularly offers free online courses in several languages. The wide range of topics includes general dentistry, digital dentistry, practice management, as well as specialties, such as implantology and endodontontology. The webinars are presented by experienced speakers and participants are awarded continuing education credits.